



RenewalSA  
people partnerships progress

Onkaparinga (C)

## **HOUSING AFFORDABILITY**

### **DEMAND AND SUPPLY BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA**

12 APRIL 2013



Government of  
South Australia

## **Data included:**

Low and moderate income households

Household and family types

Age of household reference person

Housing stress

Recent movers

Indigenous persons

Dwelling prices

Tenure Diversity

Affordable house sales

Affordable private rents Dwelling type

Recent development trends by dwelling type

Social housing stock



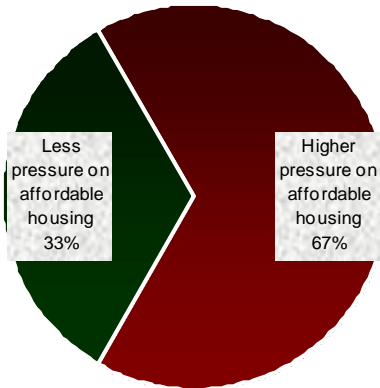


## Housing Affordability - Onkaparinga (C)

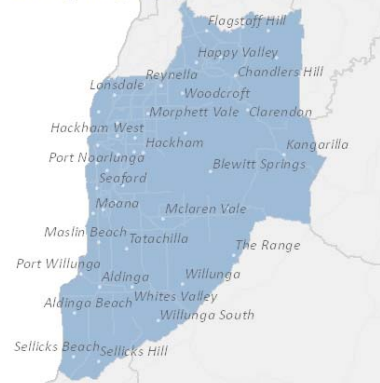
The complexity surrounding affordability means that there is no one best measure for assessing the nature and degree of housing affordability problems.

This report describes the extent and general nature of local housing needs. A summary of the report is provided below.

**Indicator status**



**Onkaparinga (C)**



<b>Housing Demand</b> Onkaparinga (C)			Less pressure on affordable housing market =
			More pressure on affordable housing market =
			Stable pressure on affordable housing market =
1	Low and moderate income households	Percentage of low income households (less than 80% of state median) 2011: 33.2%. [Greater Adelaide: 33.1%]	
2	Household and family types	Percentage change in the number of households between 2006 and 2011: 8.1%. [Greater Adelaide: 5.5%]	
3	Age of household reference person	Percentage of households where the household reference person is aged 60 years or over: 29.5%. [Greater Adelaide: 32.1%]	
4	Housing stress, 2011	Percentage of private renter households paying more than 25% of their weekly gross household income on housing: 52.8%. [Greater Adelaide: 76.1%]	
5	Recent movers (2006 - 2011)	Percentage of people who were living at a different address five years ago (2011 data): 33.0%. [Greater Adelaide: 34.0%]	
6	Indigenous persons (Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islanders)	Indigenous persons by age group, 2011: 1.1%. [Greater Adelaide: 1.3%]	
<b>Housing Supply</b> Onkaparinga (C)			
7	Dwelling prices	Average annual percentage change in median dwelling prices, 2003-04 to 2011-12: 5.8%. [Greater Adelaide: 6.1%]	
8	Tenure Diversity, 2011	Percentage of households who own, or are purchasing their dwelling, 2011: 71.6%. [Greater Adelaide: 66.1%]	
9	Affordable house sales	Proportion of dwelling sales that were affordable to low income households between July 2006 and June 2012 : 3.4%. [Greater Adelaide: 4.5%]	
10	Affordable private rents	Proportion of private rents that were affordable to low income households between July 2006 and June 2012 : 47.2%. [Greater Adelaide: 43.5%]	
11	Dwelling type	Percentage of dwellings with one or two bedrooms: 13.3%. [Greater Adelaide: 23.5%]	
12	Recent development trends by dwelling type	Percentage of new residential dwellings which were flats, units or apartments, July 2008 to June 2012: 15.7%. [Greater Adelaide: 26.0%]	
13	Social housing stock	Social housing stock (number of dwellings): 4174	n/a

# 1 Low and moderate income households

## Onkaparinga (C)

### What is the desired trend?

A mix of household incomes is desirable in any location.

### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

Very Low and Low income households are defined as those households earning up to 80% of the State's median income. In 2011 80% of the State's median income was \$835 per week.

In 2011, Onkaparinga (C) has a greater proportion of very low and low income households (33.2%) compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area (33.1%).

The number of very low and low income households in Onkaparinga (C) was 20,116.

### What is the current trend?

South Australia is a lower income state, with lower median household incomes than the eastern states.

As affordability declines, lower income households concentrate in areas which are less well located, often further from employment, education and other services.

### Why use this information?

Understanding the mix of household types in a community informs the demand and need for housing.

The median household income is the household income at which half the households have more income and half have less income.

The low and moderate income households indicator uses the following widely used description for very low, low and moderate income households.

- Very low income – 50% of median household income
- Low income – 80% of median household income
- Moderate income – 120% of median household income

As housing markets operate regionally, calculations of very low, low and moderate income households are based on two medians – one for metropolitan and one for rest of state.

### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

A vibrant and healthy community needs a broad social mix - in terms of family types, family backgrounds, incomes, ages, etc. A wide mix of people in a community will result in a greater diversity of activities and ideas.

A larger concentration of higher income households and people in stable employment will drive up house prices and rents beyond the affordability of lower income households and those employed on a flexible basis.

### Household income by tenure type, 2011

Tenure type	Very low income (<50% of median)		Low income (50%-80% of median)		Moderate income (80%-120% of median)		High income (>120% of median)		Income not stated		Total	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%
	Being purchased (incl rent/buy)	1,715	15.8	2,204	23.9	4,773	42.8	15,627	65.9	2,523	45.4	26,842
Rented: Public	1,678	15.4	644	7.0	324	2.9	188	0.8	283	5.1	3,117	5.2
Rented: Private and not stated	2,141	19.7	1,678	18.2	2,205	19.8	2,726	11.5	780	14.0	9,530	15.7
Rented: Other landlord	470	4.3	188	2.0	140	1.3	98	0.4	68	1.2	964	1.6
Other tenure types	4,874	44.8	4,524	49.0	3,700	33.2	5,068	21.4	1,903	34.2	20,069	33.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,878</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>9,238</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>11,142</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>23,707</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>5,557</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>60,522</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: Based on Australian Bureau of Statistics data, 2011 Census of Population and Housing Data based on Place of Usual Residence

## 2 Household and family types Onkaparinga (C)

### What is the desired trend?

A mix of household sizes and types is desirable in all locations.

### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

Between 2006 and 2011 the percentage change in total households for Onkaparinga (C) was 8.1%. This rate of change was greater than that in the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area which experienced a 5.5% increase.

### What is the current trend?

Household formation rates continue to exceed population growth.

National household size is reducing and there are less people living in each home. This decline has been attributed to declining fertility rates, ageing of the population, higher divorce rates and preferences for living alone.

The exception to this trend is the Indigenous community. The average household size with at least one Indigenous person was 3.5 people.

### Why use this information?

Informs the extent of the demand and need for different housing types.

### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

Housing demand is fuelled more by household formation rates than it is by growth of total population. This means that there is often a continued growth for housing, even in areas of no or low population growth.

Nationally, single person households are the fastest growing household type. There is limited housing stock affordable for them, even in lower demand areas.

Household and Family types	2011		2006		Change 2006 to 2011	
	number	%	number	%	number	%
Couple Families with Children 15 or over	6,368	14.1	6,375	15.1	-7	-0.1
Couple Families with Children under 15	12,960	28.7	12,528	29.6	432	3.4
<b>Total couples with child(ren)</b>	<b>19,328</b>	<b>42.8</b>	<b>18,903</b>	<b>44.7</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>2.2</b>
One Parent Families with Children 15 or over	3,463	7.7	3,084	7.3	379	12.3
One Parent Families with Children under 15	4,476	9.9	4,279	10.1	197	4.6
<b>Total one parent families</b>	<b>7,939</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>7,363</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>576</b>	<b>7.8</b>
Other Families	537	1.2	473	1.1	64	13.5
Couple Families with No Children	17,382	38.5	15,592	36.8	1,790	11.5
<b>Total families</b>	<b>45,186</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>42,331</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2,855</b>	<b>6.7</b>
One Family Households	44,022	70.7	41,410	71.9	2,612	6.3
Two or more family households	574	0.9	458	0.8	116	25.3
<b>Total family households</b>	<b>44,596</b>	<b>71.7</b>	<b>41,868</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>2,728</b>	<b>6.5</b>
Lone person household	14,326	23.0	12,738	22.1	1,588	12.5
Group household	1,600	2.6	1,352	2.3	248	18.3
Other Households	1,705	2.7	1,622	2.8	83	5.1
<b>Total households</b>	<b>62,227</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>57,580</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>4,647</b>	<b>8.1</b>
<b>Average household size</b> (Average number of people per household)	2.5		2.6		-0.1	-3.8

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011 Census of Population and Housing Household Data based on Place of Enumeration (Place on Census night), Family Data based on Place of Usual Residence

### 3 Age of household reference person Onkaparinga (C)

#### What is the desired trend?

A mix of age groups is desirable for any location.

#### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

In 2011, Onkaparinga (C) had a lower proportion of households with a household reference person (or "head") aged 60 years or older (29.5%) compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area (32.1%). The number of "older" households in Onkaparinga (C) was 18,378.

#### What is the current trend?

SA is ageing faster than the rest of Australia and 22.2% of its population is expected to be aged 65 or more by 2021 compared to 18.7% nationally.

Age profiles vary across housing tenures, with older persons predominately in outright homeownership.

#### Why use this information?

The indicator provides an age profile of heads of households and its influence on housing need and demand.

Data on the age profile of the population (as opposed to head of household) is available from the ABS.

#### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

An age profile of a community effects relative housing need. Age cohorts provide an indication of likely housing demand.

- Young people (typically 15-24 years) often experience the highest incidence of housing stress and require housing options that support a transition to independence.
- Households in the mid 20s to 40s are often starting a family and seeking opportunities to enter homeownership.
- Mature aged householders in their 50s and 60s are more likely to be outright owners. Those in private rental are unlikely to enter homeownership at this stage in life.
- Older households (over 65) are often asset rich but income poor and looking for housing options which enable ageing within their community or support services that assists them to age in place.

#### Onkaparinga (C)

Age of household reference persons	2011	
	number	%
15-29 years	6,657	10.7
30-44 years	17,012	27.3
45-59 years	18,477	29.7
60-74 years	12,751	20.5
75 and over	5,627	9.0
No Matches	1,700	2.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>62,224</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011 Census of Population and Housing  
Data based on Place of Usual Residence

## 4 Housing Stress, 2011

### Onkaparinga (C)

#### What is the desired trend?

Reduction in the proportion of households, particularly private renters, in housing stress and extreme stress.

#### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

In 2011, Onkaparinga (C) had a greater proportion of private renter households (includes those with a landlord type of 'other') who were earning a moderate income or less and paying more than 25% of their income on housing (79.0%) compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area (76.1%). The number of private renter households earning a moderate income or less which are in housing stress in Onkaparinga (C) was 5,386.

#### What is the current trend?

While increasing in total numbers, the proportion of households in housing stress increased in SA from 2006 to 2011.

Housing stress affects some tenures disproportionately, with private tenants bearing the brunt of declining housing affordability, and increasingly first homebuyers.

#### Why use this information?

Housing stress is an indicator of housing need, which was initially developed by the National Housing Strategy in 1990/91 and is widely used across Australia.

The South Australian Strategic Plan sets a target to lead the nation over the period to 2020 in the proportion of low income households not experiencing housing stress. It describes housing stress as low income households (lowest 40% of incomes) paying more than 25% of gross household income for private rental or 30% for mortgage repayments.

Low and moderate income households paying more than 50% of their gross household income on housing are often considered to be in extreme housing stress.

Housing stress calculations are limited to the proportion of income paid on rent and mortgage payments, as reported through the Census. Affordability issues are compounded often by associated energy and water consumption and transport costs. However these are difficult to quantify, given variations in household type, health and lifestyle preferences and employment patterns and have therefore been excluded.

#### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

A household that is in stress is less likely to be able to contribute to community life, either due to the need to work longer hours to pay the bills, or simply because there isn't enough money for other activities.

The housing stress problem manifests itself in different ways, such as moving to a lower priced area (and hence often away from job opportunities), postponement of child bearing or family breakdown.

As alternative housing forms and tenures increase, providing greater opportunities for a range of more affordable housing options, the level of housing stress in the community should decline.



## Onkaparinga (C)

Housing stress, 2011	Very low income <50%		Low income <80%		Moderate income <120%		Total households
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number
<b>Households paying more than 25% of income on housing</b>							
Being purchased (incl rent/buy)	1,232	11.3	2,577	12.8	5,398	17.3	9,463
Rented: Public	894	8.2	1,119	5.6	1,159	3.7	1,162
Rented: Private and not stated	2,037	18.7	3,575	17.8	4,905	15.7	5,061
Rented: Other landlord	343	3.2	440	2.2	481	1.5	484
Rented: TOTAL	3,274	30.1	5,134	25.5	6,545	20.9	6,707
Other tenure types	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total households	4,506	41.4	7,711	38.3	11,943	38.2	16,170
<b>Households paying more than 30% of income on housing</b>							
Being purchased (incl rent/buy)	1,130	10.4	2,262	11.2	4,336	13.9	6,342
Rented: Public	621	5.7	706	3.5	714	2.3	717
Rented: Private and not stated	1,983	18.2	3,401	16.9	4,025	12.9	4,075
Rented: Other landlord	260	2.4	316	1.6	334	1.1	337
Rented: TOTAL	2,864	26.3	4,423	22.0	5,073	16.2	5,129
Other tenure types	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total households	3,994	36.7	6,685	33.2	9,409	30.1	11,471
<b>Households paying more than 50% of income on housing</b>							
Being purchased (incl rent/buy)	787	7.2	1,220	6.1	1,535	4.9	1,719
Rented: Public	216	2.0	219	1.1	219	0.7	219
Rented: Private and not stated	1,489	13.7	1,663	8.3	1,683	5.4	1,692
Rented: Other landlord	139	1.3	146	0.7	152	0.5	155
Rented: TOTAL	1,844	17.0	2,028	10.1	2,054	6.6	2,066
Other tenure types	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total households	2,631	24.2	3,248	16.1	3,589	11.5	3,785
<b>Total households renting or purchasing</b>							
Being purchased (incl rent/buy)	1,715	15.8	3,919	19.5	8,692	27.8	26,842
Rented: Public	1,678	15.4	2,322	11.5	2,646	8.5	3,117
Rented: Private and not stated	2,141	19.7	3,819	19.0	6,024	19.3	9,530
Rented: Other landlord	470	4.3	658	3.3	798	2.6	964
Rented: TOTAL	4,289	39.4	6,799	33.8	9,468	30.3	13,611
Other tenure types	4,874	44.8	9,398	46.7	13,098	41.9	20,069
Total households	10,878	100.0	20,116	100.0	31,258	100.0	60,522

Source: Based on [Australian Bureau of Statistics](#) data, 2011 Census of Population and Housing  
Data based on Place of Usual Residence



## 5 Recent movers (2006 -2011)

### Onkaparinga (C)

#### What is the desired trend?

A mix of household sizes and types is desirable in all locations.

#### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

In 2011, Onkaparinga (C) had a lower proportion of people who were living at a different address five years ago (33.0%) compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area (34.0%). The number of recent movers in Onkaparinga (C) was 52,682.

#### What is the current trend?

Migration trends influence the housing form and demand and movement across the metropolitan area is important factor in residential planning.

Non metropolitan areas often have a net migration of young adults from the areas in search of educational and employment opportunities. There is also a 'sea-change' and 'tree-change' phenomenon nationally with older households moving outside inner metropolitan areas, placing greater demands on physical and social infrastructure for the destination communities.

#### Why use this information?

This indicator provides a measure of recent movers into the Council area and therefore likely future housing need through identifying population and demographic trends that can influence housing demand.

#### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

Developing a broad picture of future household profile will assist in determining the likely demand for housing in the future, as differing groups, household types and sizes have differing housing needs.

It also can inform local housing strategies which may promote certain population groups into the community, eg younger workforce in an ageing community.

### Onkaparinga (C)

Age of persons who had a different address in the 2006 Census	Moved between 2006 and 2011			
	number	%		
5-9 years	4,581	8.7		
10-14 years	3,991	7.6		
15-29 years	15,170	28.8		
30-44 years	14,943	28.4		
45-59 years	7,971	15.1		
60-74 years	4,005	7.6		
75 and over	2,021	3.8		
<b>Total persons</b>	<b>52,682</b>	<b>100.0</b>		

Households who had a different address in the 2006 Census by current tenure	Moved between 2006 and 2011		Households who had a different address in the 2006 Census by household income	Moved between 2006 and 2011	
	number	%		number	%
Fully owned	2,940	12.6	Very low income	3,390	14.6
Being purchased (incl rent/buy)	11,172	48.0	Low income	2,936	12.6
Rented (incl rent-free)	8,433	36.2	Moderate income	4,379	18.8
Other tenure type (incl life tenure)	428	1.8	High income	10,765	46.2
Not stated	317	1.4	One or more incomes not stated	1,820	7.8
<b>Total households</b>	<b>23,290</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>Total households</b>	<b>23,290</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: Based on Australian Bureau of Statistics data, 2011 Census of Population and Housing Data based on Place of Usual Residence

## 6 Indigenous persons

### Onkaparinga (C)

#### What is the desired trend?

A mix of population groups is desirable in any location, promoting tolerance and providing choice for a diversity of people.

#### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

In 2011, Onkaparinga (C) had a lower proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders (1.1%) compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area (1.3%). The number of "indigenous persons in Onkaparinga (C) was 2,108.

#### What is the current trend?

Nationally, proportions of households with an Indigenous person continues to grow. Over the last 5 years the median age of Indigenous people has increased and the median household size has decreased.

#### Why use this information?

Across Australia, Indigenous people experience higher levels of housing need. Indigenous homelessness is 3.5 times and overcrowding almost 6 times the national figures. Indigenous home ownership is less than half the national figure.

#### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

A diversity of dwelling types and sometimes specialised services are needed to support a diversity of population groups. Indigenous people, for example typically have larger households and often experience discrimination in the private rental market.

#### Indigenous persons (Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islanders)

##### Onkaparinga (C)

Age group (years)	2011		2006	
	number	%	number	%
0 to 9	565	21.4	463	23.5
10 to 19	537	20.4	431	21.9
20 to 29	340	12.9	219	11.1
30 to 39	237	9.0	190	9.6
40 to 49	190	7.2	137	6.9
50 to 59	129	4.9	87	4.4
60 and over	110	4.2	51	2.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,108</b>	<b>80.0</b>	<b>1,578</b>	<b>80.0</b>

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011 Census of Population and Housing  
Data based on Place of Enumeration (Place on Census night)

## 7 Dwelling prices

### Onkaparinga (C)

#### What is the desired trend?

Stable house and rent prices rising proportionate to household income growth.

#### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

The median house price in Onkaparinga (C) for the financial year 2011-12 was \$321,100. Between July 2003 and June 2012 the average annual change in median house prices for Onkaparinga (C) was 5.8%. This rate of change is lower when compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area with 6.1%.

#### What is the current trend?

House and land prices have nearly doubled over the past decade across Australia.

Rental prices have been more stable although steadily increasing, in excess of household income growth. Tight vacancy rates and the recent upswing in house prices indicate further price rises in coming years.

#### Why use this information?

Median prices provide an indication of accessibility of home ownership and rental options.

One of the most pertinent factors preventing households in the private rental market from leaving the tenure and entering home ownership is the rapid increase in house prices.

House prices are derived from data held by the Valuer General and are calculated based on all sales for the previous year.

Median rent prices are made available from the Residential Tenancies Branch in South Australia and is derived from new rent bonds lodged.

#### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

Increases in median house and rent prices in excess of household income growth have a negative impact on housing affordability.

#### Median dwelling prices, 2003 to 2012

Financial year ending June 30	Dwelling type			Total median price \$
	Detached house	Attached dwelling <i>(Maisonettes / Row Houses)</i>	Flat/Unit <i>(Home units / Flats / Townhouses)</i>	
	median price \$	median price \$	median price \$	
2003 to 2004	210,000	190,000	157,500	205,000
2004 to 2005	225,000	214,000	165,000	220,000
2005 to 2006	235,000	205,000	170,000	230,000
2006 to 2007	250,000	230,000	186,000	245,000
2007 to 2008	295,000	273,500	215,550	288,000
2008 to 2009	310,000	271,000	230,000	300,000
2009 to 2010	332,000	281,000	254,000	326,000
2010 to 2011	335,000	310,000	250,000	330,000
2011 to 2012	330,000	255,000	252,000	321,100

Source: Valuer Generals Office

## 8 Tenure Diversity, 2011

### Onkaparinga (C)

#### What is the desired trend?

A mix of housing tenure options with a strong level of home ownership.

#### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

In 2011, Onkaparinga (C) had a greater proportion of households purchasing or owning their dwelling (71.6%) compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area (66.1%). The number of households purchasing and owning their dwelling in Onkaparinga (C) was 44,572.

#### What is the current trend?

While home ownership rates in SA and nationally have been relatively static since the mid 1980s, there has been an increase in outright ownership and a decrease in those purchasing their home.

The national and South Australian trends indicate a decline in home purchase rates for 25 to 44 year olds. It is unclear at this stage whether the decline among younger households represents a deferral or permanent reduction in purchase and hence ownership rates.

Nationally, there is a substantially lower level of homeownership among the Indigenous population (less than half the national rate).

#### Why use this information?

Tenure profile provides an indication of housing choices available within a community.

#### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

A variety of housing tenures will encourage a mix of people in a community. A vibrant and healthy community needs a wide social mix, in terms of family types, family backgrounds, ages, etc. A wide mix of people in a community will result in a greater diversity of activities and ideas.

Whilst the "Great Australian Dream" of home ownership remains a real goal for most, at some stages in life, there is a need for alternative forms of accommodation. For example, students and other young single people leaving home or older persons wish to downsize but remain within the local community.

Providing greater choice in housing tenure results in greater affordability of housing for all. A wide mix of housing provision in an area will provide a sense of security to existing residents that they and their children can afford to live in their community through all stages of life, should they choose to do so.

#### Onkaparinga (C)

Tenure type	Separate house		Medium density		High density		Other Dwelling Structure		Not stated		Total	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%
Fully Owned	16,413	29.3	1,001	17.5	6	6.8	221	54.3	7	19.4	17,648	28.4
Being Purchased (incl rent/buy)	26,041	46.5	852	14.9	5	5.7	12	2.9	14	38.9	26,924	43.3
Rented from State/Territory Housing Authority	1,898	3.4	1,197	20.9	36	40.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	3,131	5.0
Rented from other landlord	8,677	15.5	1,653	28.9	25	28.4	113	27.8	5	13.9	10,473	16.8
Rented and landlord type not stated	75	0.1	34	0.6	4	4.5	7	1.7	0	0.0	120	0.2
Occupied rent free	266	0.5	22	0.4	0	0.0	9	2.2	0	0.0	297	0.5
Other Tenure Type	461	0.8	557	9.7	0	0.0	4	1.0	7	19.4	1,029	1.7
Tenure Not Stated	2,138	3.8	413	7.2	12	13.6	41	10.1	3	8.3	2,607	4.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>55,969</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>5,729</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>62,229</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011 Census of Population and Housing Data based on Place of Enumeration (Place on Census Night)

## 9 Affordable house sales Onkaparinga (C)

### ➔ What is the desired trend?

Increased proportion of house sales which are affordable for low and moderate income households.

### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

There were 16,115 dwelling sales in the period 2006-2012 in Onkaparinga (C). The proportion of dwelling sales that were affordable to low income households was 3.4%. This was lower compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area with 4.5%.

### ➔ What is the current trend?

The percentage of sales affordable for low and moderate income households has declined dramatically such that only a small percentage of sales are within an affordable range.

### ➔ Why use this information?

This is an indicator of the feasibility of attaining the Australian dream of home ownership for low and moderate income households.

House prices provide a good indicator of home purchase affordability for a local area.

House prices are derived from data held by the Valuer General.

### ➔ What does this mean for affordability in the area?

Low and moderate income households represent 60% of households in the state. With access to a limited percentage of the sales, there will be greater pressure on the private rental market and people's aspirations for home ownership will not be realised.

Price Points - Home purchase	2006-2007		2007-2008		2008-2009	
	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State
Very Low Income	\$91,000	\$79,000	\$88,000	\$79,000	\$106,000	\$98,000
Low Income	\$145,000	\$127,000	\$141,000	\$126,000	\$170,000	\$157,000
Median Income	\$181,000	\$158,000	\$176,000	\$158,000	\$212,000	\$196,000
Moderate Income	\$218,000	\$190,000	\$211,000	\$189,000	\$255,000	\$235,000

Price Points - Home purchase	2009-2010		2010-2011		2011-2012	
	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State
Very Low Income	\$120,000	\$102,000	\$100,000	\$80,000	\$113,000	\$89,000
Low Income	\$192,000	\$182,000	\$161,000	\$128,000	\$180,000	\$142,000
Median Income	\$240,000	\$227,000	\$201,000	\$160,000	\$225,000	\$177,000
Moderate Income	\$288,000	\$273,000	\$241,000	\$192,000	\$271,000	\$213,000

**Please note:** based on current RBA bank rate and 5% deposit



## Onkaparinga (C)

All percentage figures refer to the percentage of the total sales for that year.

Affordable house sales Year ending June 30	Detached and semi-detached houses		Flats, units and apartments		Total private sales	
	number	%	number	%	number	%
<b>very low income households (up to 50% of the median income)</b>						
2006-07	54	1.8	0	0.0	55	1.9
2007-08	33	1.2	*	0.0-0.2	35	1.2
2008-09	40	1.7	*	0.0-0.2	40	1.7
2009-10	62	2.3	*	0.0-0.2	65	2.4
2010-11	28	1.0	*	0.0-0.2	30	1.1
2011-12	49	1.9	*	0.0-0.2	50	1.9
Total	265	1.6	15	0.1	280	1.7
<b>low income households (up to 80% of the median income)</b>						
2006-07	104	3.6	25	0.9	130	4.5
2007-08	70	2.5	8	0.3	80	2.9
2008-09	63	2.7	10	0.4	75	3.2
2009-10	101	3.7	13	0.5	115	4.3
2010-11	51	1.8	9	0.3	60	2.2
2011-12	79	3.1	13	0.5	90	3.5
Total	470	2.9	80	0.5	545	3.4
<b>moderate income households (up to 120% of the median income)</b>						
2006-07	820	28.1	148	5.1	970	33.2
2007-08	287	10.2	90	3.2	375	13.4
2008-09	487	20.5	128	5.4	615	25.9
2009-10	786	29.2	143	5.3	930	34.5
2010-11	210	7.6	86	3.1	295	10.7
2011-12	626	24.4	118	4.6	745	29.0
Total	3,215	20.0	715	4.4	3,930	24.4
<b>Total properties</b>						
2006-07	2,725	93.3	195	6.7	2,920	100.0
2007-08	2,630	93.8	175	6.2	2,805	100.0
2008-09	2,205	93.0	165	7.0	2,370	100.0
2009-10	2,520	93.5	175	6.5	2,695	100.0
2010-11	2,565	92.9	195	7.1	2,760	100.0
2011-12	2,405	93.6	165	6.4	2,570	100.0
Total	15,045	93.4	1,070	6.6	16,115	100.0

Source: South Australian Department for Communities and Social Inclusion, 2013

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Where there are 1 to 5 dwellings the number is replaced with a "\*\*"

All totals have been rounded to the nearest 5

# 10 Affordable private rents

## Onkaparinga (C)

### What is the desired trend?

An increase in the percentage of rental properties which have affordable rents.

### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

The proportion of private rents that were affordable to low income households between July 2006 and June 2012 in Onkaparinga (C) was 47.2%. This was greater compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area with 43.5%, and represented 25,600 private rentals in Onkaparinga (C) during the period.

### What is the current trend?

While the SA private rental market continues to grow (17.0% of all dwellings in 2006 to 19.3% in 2011), the proportion of low cost private rental stock has decreased at a time when the proportion of low income private renters has increased.

### Why use this information?

An affordable rent is calculated to be 30% of weekly gross income.

Household incomes, the bases for determining very low, low and moderate income households, have been calculated from Census data and indexed by CPI in gap years.

The data is made available from the Residential Tenancies Branch in South Australia and is derived from new rent bonds lodged.

### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

Private rental market continues to grow in South Australia, particularly as social housing stock levels and home purchase opportunities decline. Renters are also in the private rental market for longer periods of time with around 40% renting for longer than 10 years. The most dramatic change in the private rental market in South Australia has been the increase in low income households. Access into low cost stock by low income people is further limited as more than half of low cost rental properties are being occupied by households who could afford to pay more(a).

(a) Yates J., Wulff M., and Burke T. (2000) *Low Rent Housing in Australia 1986 - 1996 and 2001*

Price Points - Rental	2006-2007		2007-2008		2008-2009	
	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State
Very Low Income	\$145	\$127	\$152	\$136	\$159	\$147
Low Income	\$232	\$202	\$243	\$218	\$255	\$235
Median Income	\$290	\$253	\$304	\$273	\$318	\$294
Moderate Income	\$348	\$304	\$365	\$327	\$382	\$353

Price Points - Rental	2009-2010		2010-2011		2011-2012	
	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State	Capital City	Rest of State
Very Low Income	\$167	\$142	\$166	\$132	\$172	\$135
Low Income	\$267	\$253	\$265	\$211	\$275	\$216
Median Income	\$334	\$317	\$332	\$264	\$344	\$271
Moderate Income	\$400	\$380	\$398	\$317	\$413	\$325



## Onkaparinga (C)

All percentage figures refer to the percentage of the total private rentals for that year.

Affordable private rents Year ending June 30	Detached and semi-detached houses		Flats, units and apartments		Total private rentals	
	number	%	number	%	number	%
<b>very low income households (up to 50% of the median)</b>						
2006-07	322	8.8	185	5.0	525	14.3
2007-08	299	7.5	163	4.1	480	12.1
2008-09	290	7.3	109	2.7	420	10.6
2009-10	297	7.1	106	2.5	420	10.1
2010-11	300	6.7	109	2.4	435	9.7
2011-12	261	4.9	117	2.2	405	7.6
Total	1,770	6.9	790	3.1	2,685	10.5
<b>low income households (up to 80% of the median income)</b>						
2006-07	1,811	49.3	590	16.1	2,445	66.5
2007-08	1,526	38.3	588	14.8	2,155	54.1
2008-09	1,424	35.8	531	13.4	1,995	50.2
2009-10	1,338	32.1	533	12.8	1,910	45.8
2010-11	1,031	22.9	522	11.6	1,595	35.4
2011-12	1,231	23.2	695	13.1	1,975	37.3
Total	8,360	32.7	3,460	13.5	12,080	47.2
<b>moderate income households (up to 120% of the median income)</b>						
2006-07	2,889	78.6	633	17.2	3,565	97.0
2007-08	3,174	79.7	664	16.7	3,880	97.5
2008-09	3,179	80.0	629	15.8	3,850	96.9
2009-10	3,398	81.5	632	15.2	4,070	97.6
2010-11	3,544	78.8	664	14.8	4,250	94.4
2011-12	4,162	78.6	875	16.5	5,085	96.0
Total	20,345	79.5	4,095	16.0	24,705	96.5
<b>Total properties</b>						
2006-07	3,000	81.6	635	17.3	3,675	100.0
2007-08	3,270	82.2	670	16.8	3,980	100.0
2008-09	3,300	83.0	635	16.0	3,975	100.0
2009-10	3,490	83.7	640	15.3	4,170	100.0
2010-11	3,775	83.9	680	15.1	4,500	100.0
2011-12	4,355	82.2	895	16.9	5,295	100.0
Total	21,190	82.8	4,150	16.2	25,600	100.0

Source: South Australian Department for Communities and Social Inclusion, 2013

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Where there are 1 to 5 dwellings the number is replaced with a "\*\*\*"  
All totals have been rounded to the nearest 5



# 11 Dwelling type

## Onkaparinga (C)

### What is the desired trend?

Dwelling types which reflect the changing nature of households in South Australia, particularly the prevalence of single and smaller households.

### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

In 2011, Onkaparinga (C) had a lower proportion of dwellings with only one or two bedrooms (13.3)% compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area (23.5%). The number of one and two bedroom dwellings in Onkaparinga (C) was 8,261.

### What is the current trend?

The market is supplying more large (3 and 4 bedroom) stock and less small stock (1 and 2 bedroom), even though household size is decreasing, both nationally and in SA.

While the size of the average new house continues to increase, the average household size in South Australia continues to decline.

### Why use this information?

Dwelling types and size provides an indication of housing choice in the area.

Combined with recent development data, it provides a useful profile of the community's housing supply.

### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

Providing greater choice in housing types and sizes results in greater levels of social mix and enhanced community sustainability as people, across all stages of life can find suitable and affordable housing within the community.

### Dwelling type by number of bedrooms, 2011

Onkaparinga (C)													
Number of bedrooms	Separate house		Medium density		High density		Other Dwelling Structure		Not stated		Total		
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%	
None (includes bedsitters)	65	0.1	28	0.5	10	11.5	62	15.4	0	0.0	165	0.3	
1 bedroom	368	0.7	605	10.6	14	16.1	172	42.7	11	31.4	1,170	1.9	
2 bedrooms	3,686	6.6	3,264	57.0	39	44.8	102	25.3	0	0.0	7,091	11.4	
3 bedrooms	34,361	61.4	1,340	23.4	12	13.8	19	4.7	8	22.9	35,740	57.4	
4 bedrooms	13,702	24.5	122	2.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	28.6	13,834	22.2	
5+ bedrooms	2,068	3.7	28	0.5	3	3.4	4	1.0	3	8.6	2,109	3.4	
Not stated	1,722	3.1	339	5.9	9	10.3	44	10.9	3	8.6	2,117	3.4	
<b>Total</b>	<b>55,972</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>5,726</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>62,226</b>	<b>100.0</b>	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011 Census of Population and Housing  
Data based on Place of Enumeration (Place on Census night)

# 12 Recent development trends by dwelling type

## Onkaparinga (C)

### What is the desired trend?

Increasing diversity of housing type, particularly around transport nodes and activity centres.

### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

The percentage of new residential dwellings which were flats, units or apartments in Onkaparinga (C) between July 2008 and June 2012 was 15.7%. This was lower compared to the Greater Adelaide Statistical Area with 26.0%, and represented 730 new flats, units or apartments approved in Onkaparinga (C) during the period.

### What is the current trend?

SA has been dominated by detached dwellings with 2 or more bedrooms. The changing ageing demographic profile of SA and average number of people per household suggests a need for a greater diversity of housing and specifically smaller dwellings to accommodate smaller households.

### Why use this information?

Residential development trends can inform the adoption of strategic priorities for the future.

Comparing current profile of the community with recent movers as well as recent development trends describes the future trajectory for the Council.

Building approval data is collected by the ABS.

### Recent residential development by type, 2008 to 2012 (financial years)

Financial year ending June 30	Onkaparinga (C)							
	Dwelling type						Total	
	Separate houses		Medium density		High density		number	%
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%
2008 to 2009	1,117	28.5	270	37.0	0	0.0	1,387	29.8
2009 to 2010	1,314	33.5	145	19.9	0	0.0	1,459	31.4
2010 to 2011	848	21.6	183	25.1	0	0.0	1,031	22.2
2011 to 2012	642	16.4	132	18.1	0	0.0	774	16.6
<b>Total 2008 to 2012</b>	<b>3,921</b>	<b>84.3</b>	<b>730</b>	<b>15.7</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>4,651</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: [Australian Bureau of Statistics](#)

# 13 Social housing stock

## Onkaparinga (C)

### What is the desired trend?

A proportion of local social housing stock relative to housing need.

### What is the current situation in Onkaparinga (C)?

As at June 2012 the total stock of social housing in Onkaparinga (C) was 4,174 dwellings. This comprised of:

- Community Housing: 556
- Public Housing: 3618

### What is the current trend?

Consistent with national trends, South Australia public housing stock numbers continues to decline, while Community and Indigenous managed social housing stock has increased.

### Why use this information?

Stock levels are an indication of the availability of publicly funding housing options available to the local community.

Data is sourced from the Department for Communities and Social Inclusion. Public housing figures vary from those reported in the Census making calculations of proportion to all households difficult.

### What does this mean for affordability in the area?

The provision of publicly funded social housing within the community provides housing opportunities for those people who have needs in addition to affordability and links the housing response to other support services necessary for them to maintain their tenancy.

Areas with a low percentage of publicly funded housing will mean that family or community members who require such assistance will need to move out of the community to access appropriate housing.

There are also a number of urban renewal areas across the state that have had a higher concentration of public housing stock and efforts are progressing to reconfigure housing stock to meet the current needs of the community.

### Social housing stock

#### Onkaparinga (C)

As at June 2012	Onkaparinga (C)		Greater Adelaide Statistical Area
	number	% Greater Adelaide Statistical Area total	number
Community Housing	556	12.7	4,395
Public Housing	3,618	10.5	34,342
<b>Total social housing stock</b>	<b>4,174</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>38,737</b>

Source: [South Australian Department for Communities and Social Inclusion, 2012](#)